

be entered in the manifest, which they must sign, and if the numbers are not correct, after deducting them, the Master incurs a penalty of \$20 for each such passenger. The pilot is bound to inform the Collector of any illegal landing of passengers, under a penalty of \$5 for each. A correct report of passengers must be delivered to the Collector within 24 hours of arrival and before entry of the vessel is permitted. Penalty for neglect, \$20 per day. The Master must report all passengers who are lunatic, idiotic, deaf or dumb, blind or infirm, and whether relatives come also, able to support them. Penalty for neglect or false report, \$20 to \$100 for each such passenger, the Master and owners being jointly and severally liable. The report must also state what passengers have died, and whether they have relatives entitled to take charge of their effects. If not, a list thereof must be furnished and accounted for under a penalty of \$20 to \$1000. The collector grants a receipt containing detailed list for effects so delivered. So soon as a vessel anchors at a Quarantine Station, the Medical Superintendent shall board and examine her, inspecting the passenger list, bill of health and other papers, and taking extracts, if necessary. If there be any infirm person as above on board, without relatives, he reports to the Collector, who takes a bond from the Master for \$300, to indemnify the Government or any municipality, or charitable institution, for any expense to be incurred for such person's maintenance within 3 yrs.; or the master may pay such sum as the Government may fix in lieu of security; but if the Superintendent shall certify that the infirmity arises from a cause not discernible at the embarkation, the Master is exempt from such bond or payment. Arrangements may be made to carry back such person, and pay money received in lieu or on forfeiture of bond for that purpose, the bond to be cancelled or balance of money returned, upon receipt of a certificate of safe arrival of such person at the port whence he embarked, from the British Consul or Emigration officer, or of his death on the voyage. A Master refusing to execute such bond incurs a penalty or \$400, nor can his vessel be cleared till it is executed or the penalty paid. The bond is deposited with the R. G., and immigration agents must report to the M. of A., from time to time, concerning such passengers. Whenever they have become chargeable, the action is brought, in Her Majesty's name, before any Court having jurisdiction to the amount; and the whole amount, or what is necessary to pay charges, is collected, the report of the officer being proof of fact. The Governor may prohibit the landing of pauper immigrants until moneys are paid to the immigration agents for their support and transport to their destination; proper anchorage being meantime found for the vessel and Medical superintendence provided. Masters must allow passengers to remain on board 48 hours after arrival in port, under penalty of \$20 each. Passengers and their luggage are to be landed free of expense, between 6 a.m. and 4 p.m., at places appointed by the port authorities. Such landing places may be appointed by the G. in C. by proclamation, and the Governor may cause proper shelter and accommodation to be provided there. Thereafter landing such passengers elsewhere incurs a penalty of \$40 for each offence. The Master or any of the crew of a vessel bringing immigrants from a foreign country, if guilty of any breach of the law of such country or of contract with such passengers, incurs a penalty of \$20 to \$100, besides any other legal liability. Proof of the law may be made by the Consul, and of contract by a party to it. No person can act as "touter" for lodging houses, or steamboat or railway lines, without first obtaining a license from the municipality, under a penalty of \$50. Such license can only be granted on the recommendation of the Immigration agent, and entering into a bond for good behaviour of \$300; the license to be for 1 year and the fee not more than \$100. Hotels, taverns and boarding-houses, in places named in the Governor's proclamation, taking immigrant boarders, must have prices of board and of separate meals publicly posted in their houses. Neglect of this, or the charging of higher prices, renders the keeper liable for a penalty of \$5 to \$20 and forfeiture of license. He has no lien on the effects of such immigrant for more than \$5. Detention after tender of \$5, or any less amount due, incurs the same penalty, besides the value of effects. Penalties are recoverable before any Magistrate having jurisdiction at suit of an immigration agent, and payable to the R. G.; or the Magistrate may award part of it to the party aggrieved. The duties, penalties, &c., under this act, for which Masters or owners are liable, constitute a lien on the vessel, ranking before all others, except that for seamen's wages. Penalties other than against lodging-house keepers, &c., are recoverable before 2 J. P., if under \$80, at suit of collector or immigration agent; over that amount before a competent Civil Court. J. P. may commit for non-payment. Half of such penalties are payable to the R. G., and half to the prosecutor. But every offence punished by more than \$40 fine, is also a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment at the discretion of the Court.

PATENTS FOR INVENTIONS.

Cap. 11—Constitutes a Patent Office presided over by the M. of A., and made a branch of his department, he becoming comr. of patents. It has a seal which all judges and courts will recognize as evidence. He makes rules, with the approval of the G. in C., to carry the Act into effect, notice being given in the *Canada Gazette*. Proceedings under this Act are reported annually. Any person having been resident in Canada for 1 year next before his application, and having invented or discovered any new or useful art, machine, manufacture or composition of matter, or improvement thereof, not known or used by others before his invention or discovery, or not being in public use or on sale in any Province of the Dominion, with consent of the inventor, may procure a patent therefor; but no patent shall issue for an invention or discovery having an illicit object, or for a mere scientific principle or abstract theorem. A foreign patent, taken not more than 6 months before, does not disqualify from obtaining the Canadian. An inventor or discoverer qualified, as above, may transfer or bequeath his right, and his representative take out the patent. A patent for an improvement of a thing already patented does not give the right to make or vend such article, nor to the original patentee to make or sell the article with the improvement. The applicant must make oath to the residence, and his belief that he is the original and true inventor or discoverer, before a J. P. in Canada, or before a British Minister, Consul, &c., or a judge abroad. He must, in his petition, elect a domicile in Canada, and state the place or places wherein, for the year, he was resident in Canada. He must set up the title of his invention, &c., with a short description, and allege all facts necessary to entitle him to a patent in his petition, and with it must send a written specification, in duplicate, describing his invention in such full